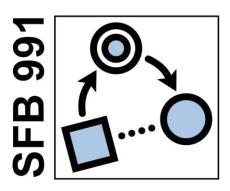
HEINRICH HEINE UNIVERSITÄT DUSSELDORF



Der Sonderforschungsbereich 991 "Die Struktur von Repräsentationen in Sprache, Kognition und Wissenschaft" lädt herzlich ein zum Vortrag von

Byong-Rae Ryu

Department of Linguistics Chungnam National University Donnerstag, 19.09.2013 14:15 – 15:45 Uhr Hörsaal 2A, Gebäude 22.01

A Typology of Multiple Case Marking in Korean

Given the common assumption that there is at most one subject per clause, the multiple occurrences of subject-like nominative-marked NPs are puzzling. This puzzling phenomenon can be noticed in various constructions in Korean, notably including inalienable possession constructions. In this talk, I will present a basic overview of the multiple case marking phenomenon in Korean, and will outline a series of research questions in need of investigation.

I will present a comprehensive typology of the pairs of identical-case marked NPs in Korean. On the basis of such semantic relations between two consecutive NPs as meronymic relation, inclusion relation, quantity-quality relation, spatio-temporal relation, and predication relation, I identify 16 types of these pairs, and propose each type as a licensing condition on double case marking. I argue that the multiple case marking constructions are merely the sequences of double case marking, which are formed by dextrosinistrally sequencing the pairs of the same-case marked NPs of same or different type.

I will further show that, while the nominative case marker is shared between two consecutive NPs standing in one of the 16 semantic relations, multiplication of the accusative case marker is possible between two consecutive NPs standing in only one of the 10 semantic relations. Some appealing consequences of this proposal

include a new comprehensive classification of the sequences of same-case NPs and a straightforward account of some long standing problems such as how the additional same-case NPs are licensed and in what respects the multiple nominative marking and the multiple accusative marking are alike and different from each other.

Studierende und andere Interessierte sind herzlich willkommen.